

What is a Work / Rest Table?

Description

A Work / Rest Table provides guidelines on the maximum durations of continuous exercise and alternative work/rest schedules for a four-hour period. These tables consider factors like work rate, dress, and WBGT (Wet Bulb Globe Temperature) readings, with different tables for acclimatised and non-acclimatised personnel.

Understanding Work / Rest Tables

Work / Rest Tables are essential tools in occupational health and safety, particularly in environments with extreme temperatures. These tables help prevent heat-related illnesses by recommending appropriate work and rest periods based on various factors.

Key Components of Work / Rest Tables

- 1. **Work Rate**: The intensity of the physical activity being performed.
- 2. **Dress**: The type of clothing worn, which can affect heat retention.
- 3. **WBGT Reading**: A measure of heat stress in direct sunlight, which considers temperature, humidity, wind speed, sun angle, and cloud cover.

Acclimatised vs. Non-Acclimatised Personnel

- Acclimatised Personnel: Individuals who have gradually adapted to working in hot conditions.
 They can typically work longer periods before needing rest.
- **Non-Acclimatised Personnel**: Individuals who are not used to working in hot conditions. They require more frequent rest breaks to prevent heat stress.

How to Use a Work / Rest Table

- 1. **Determine the WBGT Reading**: Measure the WBGT in the work environment.
- 2. **Identify the Work Rate**: Classify the physical activity as light, moderate, or heavy.
- 3. Consider the Dress: Note the type of clothing worn by the workers.
- 4. **Refer to the Table**: Find the appropriate work/rest schedule based on the WBGT reading, work rate, and dress.

Example of a Work / Rest Table

Table

WBGT (°C)) Work Rate	Acclimatised	Non-Acclimatised
26-27	Light	50 min work / 10 min rest 40	0 min work / 20 min rest



WBGT (°C)) Work Rate	Acclimatised	Non-Acclimatised
28-29	Moderate	40 min work / 20 min rest	30 min work / 30 min rest
30-31	Heavy	30 min work / 30 min rest	20 min work / 40 min rest

Benefits of Using Work / Rest Tables

- Prevents Heat-Related Illnesses: By ensuring workers take adequate rest breaks.
- Improves Productivity: Workers can maintain a steady work pace without overexertion.
- Enhances Safety: Reduces the risk of accidents caused by heat stress.

Implementing Work / Rest Tables in the Workplace

- 1. **Training**: Educate workers on the importance of following work/rest schedules.
- 2. Monitoring: Regularly check WBGT readings and adjust schedules as needed.
- 3. **Hydration**: Ensure workers have access to water and encourage regular hydration.
- 4. Rest Areas: Provide shaded or air-conditioned rest areas for breaks.

Challenges and Considerations

- Individual Differences: Some workers may be more susceptible to heat stress than others.
- Environmental Changes: WBGT readings can fluctuate throughout the day, requiring adjustments to work/rest schedules.
- Compliance: Ensuring all workers adhere to the recommended schedules can be challenging.

Conclusion

Work / Rest Tables are vital for maintaining worker health and safety in hot environments. By following these guidelines, employers can prevent heat-related illnesses and ensure a productive and safe workplace.

Use Work / Rest Tables to create safer work environments and prevent heat-related illnesses.

CATEGORY

Uncategorized

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